

An out of the Road Visit
 TO THE
Lord Bishop of Exeter:
 O R,
 A Better ANSWER
 THAN
 The Best ANSWER ever was made.

WHEREIN
 Not only Mr. *Hoadly* is reprimanded for his
 Rudeness to his Lordship; but also, his Lord-
 ship's *Seconds* are unmask'd, and severely lash'd
 for their Presumption and Treachery.

— *Timeo Danaos & dona ferentes.* Virg.
O utinam non tanta mihi fiducia sevis
Esset in Arfacidis. Lucan. —

By A. J. A. M. a true Son of the Church
 of England.

L O N D O N:
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 M DCC IX.

An out of the Road Visit

TO THE

L^d Bishop of *Exeter*.

HOWever unluckily (as some say) my Lord of *Exeter*, whom I verily believe to be a good Man, a pious, learned Prelate, and a loyal and faithful Subject : However unseasonably (as others think) he has reviv'd the old Notions of *Passive Obedience* and *Non-Resistance*, (which, they say, had better been let alone, especially, in a peaceful and quiet Reign, wherein nothing is more to be fear'd

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than from those very Men, that hugg'd and foster'd that Opinion in the *Carolinian* Days, and never left off skrewing it up above a just Consort Pitch, till the Strings crack'd) I say, tho' some do with my Lord of *Exeter* had let those Notions lie asleep, till we had more Occasion for 'em : Yet I cannot vindicate either Mr. *Hoadly* against my Lord, or those that, in my Lord's Behalf, attempt to answer Him. For, the One is very rude, very disrespectful, and undutiful to a Father of the Church ; the Others, by espousing his Quarrel, have brought a Disreputation on my Lord. So that it had been as advantageous to my Lord of *Exeter*, to have fought his own Battle, and defended his own Cause, without their Assistance, as it had been for my Lord *Galway* to have engaged alone, without any Dependence on the *Portuguese*.

For, 1st, As to Mr. *Hoadly*, I say, had he been never so averse to my Lord's Tenents, or never so dissatisfy'd with his Notions ; yet, as a Clergyman, he ought to have privately expostulated the Case, and argu'd the Point

Point calmly and fairly between my Lord and himself, whom he knew to be abundantly able to give him ample Satisfaction; I say, this better became a true and genuine Son of the Church, than to appear in Print, as'twere, in open Hostility and Rebellion against his Father in Christ, with so many tender, soft Expressions, so many seeming Reluctancies, so many fine Applauses and Encomiums in his Mouth, whilst his Hands were busy in throwing all the Dirt he could at his Lordship.

On the other Hand; as to those that pretend to Second my Lord against Mr. *Hoadly*, I humbly conceive, my Lord is very little oblig'd to 'em for their too forward Officiousness; because (if not in their Answers to Mr. *Hoadly*, yet in their common Conversation) they give shrewd Hints, nay downright, barefac'd Proofs, that they are *Jacobites*; which, if they be, (as 'tis notoriously known, that one of them has, for some Years, not only like a *Snake in the Grass*, instill'd his Venom privately into a great Num-

ber of People ; but also has, sometimes, like a flying Dragon, ventur'd abroad upon the Wing, and openly brandish'd his forked Tongue against the Church and State) I say, if these Men be *Jacobites*, my Lord's bright and unspotted Reputation will be in great Danger of being sully'd and clouded by such Abettors. And this Suggestion is too natural and obvious, because their Assertion of Obedience glances another way. Their seeming Conjunction with my Lord of *Exeter* in Principles, is only done in Disguise, to vindicate another Interest, than that my Lord is so zealous for. For, my Lord's Intention in preaching up *Obedience* and *Loyalty*, is, that it may be a Barrier and Safeguard to the Queen and Her Government, against those Fanatick Rascals of the *Calves-Head Club* ; and also, to quell the turbulent, seditious Minds of those that are more than Well-wishers to the Pretender, and the *French* Interest. For, nothing in the World can be plainer, than that they, who are offended at honest Loyalty, and would quite cashier the Doctrine of *Passive-Obedience*,
rightly

rightly stated within its due Bounds and Limits, are absolute Enemies and Traitors against Monarchy, and would, if they had Power, play the old *Oli-verian* Game over again. So, on the other Hand, it cannot be deny'd, but a profess'd *Jacobite*, when he vindicates the Doctrine of *Non-Resistance*, does it not in Respect to the Queen, but rather to create ill Blood, and to move and raise Treason and Sedition against Her, by condemning all those of Treason and Rebellion, that resisted King *James*, and would not tamely sit still to see Themselves, their Religion, and Country, ruin'd and undone, and given up into the Hands of Popery and Slavery; slyly insinuating, that there is no way to wipe off that Guilt, but by asserting the Right of his injur'd Son, as they have the Impudence to call that base-born, foisted Sham. For it's as clear as the Sun-shine, that the *Jacobites* wish well to the Pretender; and, if they could find an Opportunity, and Encouragement, would assist him to dethrone the Queen. And we find many sly Insinuations to the same Purpose, frequently in their

Pamphlets ; and some blab out their Thoughts in their Liquor, and, by consequence, their seeming Zeal for my Lord of *Exeter*, must do him a Dis-kindness, especially among those that have not had an Opportunity to be acquainted with the great Sincerity and Loyalty of his Lordship to Her Majesty and the Church. They only get under my Lord's Wing, as the *Wren* did under the *Eagle's* ; that, when Time shall serve, they may thereby have an Opportunity of skipping above him. They shelter and secure themselves under my Lord's Banners, that they may, in an After-Game, the more easily turn his own Artillery against himself.

It seems, they are all alarm'd to see my Lord of *Exeter* attack'd, as the *Philistines* were when *Saul* smote one of their Garrisons, (my Lord's extremely beholden to 'em.) Oh ! they can't bear to have *Passive-Obedience* op-pugn'd ; *Proximus ardet Ucalegon* ; as if my Lord were one of their vile Gang. But they have some Advantage to make of this for their Faction. My Lord, and several others of his

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Brethren in the Upper-House, are favourably spoken of by them. They'd make us believe they have some Friends among the Prelates. There is a Necessity the World should think, that the Party is strong ; else it might soon be weaken'd and undone by Desertion, and so dwindle away to nothing. All the Nation knows my Lord of *Exeter* to be a true Church-of-England Man, a sound, solid, and orthodox Divine ; yet I dare venture my Life, his Wings are not so strong, as to fly to *St. Germans* : And, therefore, they could not have invented a more plausible Method, to disgrace and blacken an honest Man, than by thus taking his Part, and espousing his Quarrel as their own.

There are a thousand abler Pens that heartily love and admire his Lordship ; but they were far from thinking my Lord so vanquish'd, as not to be able to make a stout and valiant Resistance, without making Alliances, and gathering Confederates and auxiliary Troops to his Aid and Assistance ; especially, such as those in the wooden
Horse

Horse at *Troy*, who would prove Enemies, instead of Friends, if a *Scotch* Invasion should prosper, and give them an Opportunity. They'd talk of another sort of Obedience then, than his Lordship does now, and tell him to his Face, he was mistaken in them, if ever he thought they asserted Passive-Obedience for the Queen's Interest and Advantage; as one of them had the Confidence to tell me, some time before that Expedition was dreamt of here, That supposing such a thing should happen and succeed, such a Text would be very proper and suitable to the Occasion, when he should be receiv'd and led triumphant into the City; whereby, I verily believe, they knew of it long before we did, and had some part to act therein, if it had come upon the Stage. The Text was, *Ezekiel xxi. 26, 27. Thus saith the Lord God, remove the Diadem, and take off the Crown, this shall not be the same; exalt him that is low, and abase him that is high. I will overturn, overturn, overturn it, and it shall be no more until he come, whose Right it is, and I will give it him.*

But

But to return; these *Jacobites* cast an open Affront upon my Lord, in presuming to snatch the Cudgel out of his Hand, before he let it drop, or stood in the least need of their Assistance; especially my Lord's Antagonist, being but as 'twere, a *Pigmy* against a *Polyphem*; they must have some other By-Ends in the Matter. Besides, considering the other pernicious Principles of these Men, it looks as if they did it on purpose to disgrace my Lord, whom they know to be so worthy a Champion for the Protestant Cause, to cast a Slur on whatsoever he shall hereafter write, in Vindication of the Church, the Queen, and the Government.

If a *French* Papist should espouse my Lord's Cause, 'twould no doubt surprize and startle such as never had the Honour and Happiness to know his Lordship: But then others that are familiar and acquainted with him, would laugh at the Poorness of the Contrivance; and notwithstanding this *French* Trick, my Lord would stand

stand as fair and right in their Opinions, as ever he did before. However, the Majority would be offended, and 'twould be hard to remove such a Prejudice, when once imbib'd by the Ignorant. We all know how a Party abus'd honest *Richard Hooker*, and laid a scandalous Crime to his Charge, in hopes thereby to enervate and render invalid those glorious Truths he had oblig'd the Church with.

For though a Man writes never so pious and godly Precepts, and Admonitions, yet if it can be prov'd, that he himself is a very vicious, wicked, and debauch'd Person, the Book, by the Author's Fault, suffers, and loses its persuasive Force and Energy; and 'tis a natural Suggestion, that he believes nothing of what he has writ, and consequently it can't be expected others should have a better Opinion of his Book than himself.

But to return to the *Jacobites*: 'Tis true, they do not, they dare not positively say, that his Lordship is one of their Faction; but they silyly insinuate

it, and would willingly make the World believe him to be so. And therefore, I hope, my Lord (if the Affront will not amount to a *Scandalum Magnatum*) will, however, severely lash them, and all their malicious cursed Crew, with his ingenious and learned Pen, which, upon such an Occasion, will require to be dipp'd deep in Gall ; for though the harmless Dove has none, yet the wise Serpent has.

'Tis strange, indeed, to hear these Men patronizing Passive-Obedience in Queen *Anne's* Reign, who exploded it in King *William's*. When *Collier* and his Brother in Iniquity, could have the astonishing Boldness, and brazen Impudence, to pronounce a solemn Absolution to Traitors and Murderers, that died without Repentance of the Fact for which they were condemn'd ; nay, who gloried and boasted of their Villany, and leap'd into Eternity without the least Regret or Sorrow for that foul Crime, but only (like desperate *Faux*, in the horrid Gunpowder-Plot) because the bloody Tragedy was not perpetrated, and all this transact-

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ed under the Gallows, which might justly, and would have claim'd them as its due, in any other Reign, less mild and merciful than that of King *William*, of ever glorious and immortal Memory. For their giving Absolution without Repentance, was a setting their Hands to it, that the Assassination was no Sin.

And now to conclude. I say, against all the Fanatick and *Jacobite* Factions, that my Lord's two excellent Sermons, which Mr. *Headly* so rudely oppugns, are true, sound, orthodox Divinity, and ought always to be preach'd, and inculcated on the People,

*Till the barb'rous Assassination-Plot,
And thirtieth Day of Janus be forgot;
Which ne'er will be.*

Or till such another Reign as King *James's* shall plague the Nation, and bring all things to the last Extremity, which God grant may never happen, which Calamity God drive far from us; a Reign in which the Blood-thirsty Papists took the same Advantage against

gainst us, upon the Account of our Loyalty and Obedience, as the *Jews* Enemies did against them, because of their strict Observance of the Sabbath, whereon they thought it unlawful to fight or defend themselves. But in a short time, Necessity and the Enemy's Fury, taught them and us to state Cases of Conscience better; and that the Sabbath, the Law, and the Gospel, were made for the Good of Mankind, not for their Destruction.

The most abject crawling Worm, when trod upon, will turn; and can it be imagin'd, that a rational Creature, when trampled upon, shall not be allow'd to make some Resistance?

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